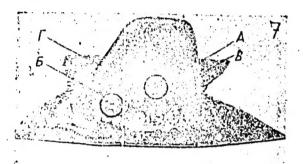
S/182/60/000/010/007/015/XX A161/A030 Deformations and Stresses in Extrusion of Parts with Complex Snape

Clutch case roof



Card 6/8

# 88771

\$/182/60/000/010/00**7**/015/XX A161/A030

Deformations and Stresses in Extrusion of Parts with Complex Shape

# Table:

- T The number of figure in the article;
- 2 The name of automobile body part concerned;
- The long of maximum deformations:

  ### The long ellipse axis, in mm;
- The short ellipse axis, in man;
- Final deformation E.
- Final deformation Ey and
- octohedral shift %; Octohedral stress in kg/cm2;
- 40 m, a value characterizing the stressed state (Formula 9).
- Mormal stress along
- the axes.

Card 7/8

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-	87	778
v	v.	13

D buc	Наименоприне детели	30ns nan- boantoux secopus- cura	Большая ось эдин-	Manag och Banninga Wilk	(5)	(j)	/A030.	1. 1 KI/CM	(3) T	en B Rejent	x2/cm1
3	Крыша кабины	A B B F A F	24 25,5 26,5 24 25 24	19,5 18,5 16,5 15 13,5 17,5	0,182 0,243 0,282 0,182 0,223 0,182	-0.025 -0.078 -0.182 -0.297 -0.393 -0.133	0,351 0,405 0,406 0,55	1650 1780 1785 1785 1870 1670	0,39 0,46 -0,214 -5,1 -10,6 -0,33	4130 4410 3510 732	1610 2210 -752 -3810 -3900 -1050
i	Бокозина кабины	A B	25 29,5	19.5 10	0,223 0,39		0,336 0,57	1745 1880	0,41 -0,10	4200 3820	1740 -382
5	Головка облицовки ра- диатера	A B	25 26,5	15,5 16,5	0,243 0,261	-0,254 -0,182	0.40 0.40	1780 1780	-1.48 -0,215	1770 3440	-2620 -740
	Крило	A B B F	28 28,5 25 23	20 17,5 18 19,5	0,336 0,35 0,182 0,139	0 -0,183 -0,165 -0,025	0.283i	1870 1850 1710 1510	0,50 0,148 -0,74 0,355	4620 4410 3230 3680	2310 654 2380 1310
rd	Кришка картера спепаения	A B B C	29,5 24 23 24,5	17,5 18,5 20,5 18	0,39 0,182 0,139 0,203	-0.078 0.023	0,555 0,258 0,244 0,304	1875 1670 1640 1730	0.192 0.91 0.615 -0.527	3700 3710 4000 2750	730 3380 2460 -1450

KAZAKOV, Yu.P.

Plotting a coodinate grid on sheet blanks prior to die stamping.
Kus.-shtam. proisv. 2 no.8:21-22 Ag '60. (MIRA 14:2)
(Sheet-metal work)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

SOV/84-58-11-44/58

T

AUTHOR:

Kazakov, Z. Acting Unit Commander

TITIE:

Rocket Signaling (Signalizatsiya raketami)

PERIODICAL: Grazhdanskaya aviatsiya, 1958, Nr 11, p 32 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author tells how his unit sprayed a forested area of 6,000 ha in the vicinity of Moscow using mobile radio units and rockets for signaling. Two signalmen, equipped with small packs containing ultra shortwave P-108 and P-109 radio units walked in a parallel direction at a distance of 6 km from each other. A similar radio unit was installed on the floor of the An-2 cockpit between the pilots' seats. When reaching a sector, one of the crew would radio the command "rocket," whereupon the signalmen sent these out to guide the pilots. This method proved safer because it did not divert the pilots' attention, and also more useful since the process could be repeated if an area had not been adequately sprayed. The cost of rockets cost 600 rubles, while signal flows for the same area would have cost 3 360 rubles. while signal flags for the same area would have cost 3,360 rubles.

Card 1/1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

Country Catogory

! Bulgaria

: Human and Animal Physiology, Circulation

Abs. Jour. : Ref Zhur Biol, No. 2, 1959, No. 8087

Manne.

Title

: Z elyether L.; Angelov, A.; Fikulov, A.; Kazakova, A; Chu-: leva, A.; Mushmov, D; Ignatova, E; Nikolova, M.; Minchev, T.

: The Effect of the Bulgarian Synthetic Estrogenic Prepa-

ration "Vitestrol" on Blood Pressure.

Orig Pub.

: Izv. Otd. biol. i med. nauki. Bolg. AN. Ser. eksperim.

biol. i med., 1957, No. 1, 47--55

retract

Vitestrol was injected in doses of 0.5, 1.3 and 5 mg/kg into normal, atropinized, vagotomized and decerebrate cats, as well as into cats with carotid sinuses removed. Vitestrol lowered blood pressure by 16--35% (depending upon the dose) within 72--395 seconds. There were no substantial differences between the normal and the operated animals. It is suggested that vitestrol acts directly upon the smooth muscle elements of the vessel walls .-- S.B. Stefanov.

Card:

32057

S/182/62/000/001/003/004 D038/D113

1.1350

1454

AUTHORS:

Rubenkova, L.A. and Kazakov, Yu.P.

TITLE:

Investigation on the stress-strain state in deep drawing

PERIODICAL: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 1, 1962, 11-13

TEXT: Rejects and metal ruptures which frequently occur during deep drawing operations of the two-section gas tanks of the 3NJ164 (ZIL-164) automobile are investigated. The stress-strain state of one section of the gas tank was investigated during deep drawing. 160 mm diam, specimens made of a lead clad steel of the following chemical composition and properties were tested and investigated: 0.06% C; 0.005% P; 0.012% S; 0.02% Si; 0.35% Mn; 0.04% Cr; 0.05% Ni; 0.002% Al; 0.04% Cu; yield point = 26.2 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>; tensile strength = 32.2 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>; relative elongation = 34.3%, and the depth according to the Erichsen test method = 10.8 mm. The authors conclude that (1) only completely out out blanks should be deep drawn; (2) the sheets should be pinch press rolled or rolled before deep drawing to avoid the aging effect; (3) correct gap dimensions should be maintained between the punch and the die bed, and the face of the draw bed should be free of Card 1/2

X

BERNSON CONTRACTOR OF THE STREET, BRIDE

KUKHTAROV, V.I.; KAZAKOV, Yu.P., inzh., retsenzent; SEREP'YEV, V.V., inzh., retsenzent; BABENKO, V.A., inzh., red.; MARKIZ, Yu.L., red.izd-va; EL'KIND, V.D., tekhn. red.

[Cold stamping]Kholodnaia shtampovka. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1962.
403 p. (MIRA 16:2)

3/182/63/000/001/004/012 A004/A126

AUTHORS:

Rubenkova, L. A., Kazakov, Yu. P., Dryashin, I. B.

TITLE:

Selection of sheet steel for stamping intricate parts

PERIODICAL: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 1, 1963, 9 - 11

At the Institut mashinovedeniya (Institute of the Science of Machines) TEXT: methods have been developed to determine the magnitude of stresses and deformations in components of intricate shape. By these methods it is possible 1) to determine the actual magnitudes of stresses and deformations arising in drawing parts of intricate shape, 2) to determine the critical deformation magnitudes which, once they are attained, might impair the stability of the drawing process, 3) to establish the mechanical clearances that ensure optimum stamping conditions of the metal. The authors give a detailed description of determining the above factors, present relevant formulae and an example of calculating the stressed anddeformed state in stamping the fender of the 3MJ-164 (ZIL-164) truck. The calculation results are compiled in a table. By using these methods, it is possible to classify components according to intricacy groups, depending on the actual

Card 1/2 .

S/182/63/000/001/004/012 A004/A126

Selection of sheet steel for ...

deformations and stresses and thus select material with optimum mechanical properties. There are 3 figures and 1 table.

Card 2/2

KAZAKOV, Yu.P.; RUBENKOVA, L.A.

Nature of applied stress in the fraving of intricately shaped parts. Kuz.-shtam.proizv. 5 no.3:17-19 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4) (Drawing (Metalwork)) (Strawa and stresses)

RJBENKOVA, L.A., KAZAKOV, Yu.P.; DRYASHIN, I.B.

Selection of a sheet steel for the die stamping of intricate parts.

Kuz.-shtam. proizv. 5 no.1:9-11 Ja. 63. (MINA 16:2)

(Sheet-metal work) (Sheet steel-Testing)

KIZAKOV, Yu.P.; SEREP YEV, V.V.

Developing an efficient design of ZIL cooler parts. Kuz.-shtam.proizv. 5 no.8:21423 Ag 163. (MIRA 16:9)

RUBENKOVA, L.A.; KAZAKOV, Yu.P.

Investigating stress-strain conditions in die cupping. Kuz.-shtam. proizv. 4 no.1:11-13 Ja 62. (MIRA 17:3)

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

KAZAKOV, Yu.V., inzh.; KRECHETOV, A.D., inzh.

Automating the striking of welding arcs. Svar. proizv. no.9:33-34 S 165. (MIRA 18:9)

KAZAKOV, Z.

Lump together. Grazhd.av. 20 no.4:27 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:5)

Nachal'nik aeroporta Myachkovo.
 (Aeronautics, Commercial—Study and teaching)

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

37776

15.8170

S/661/61/000/006/071/081 D247/D302

AUTHORS:

Borodin, M. Ya., Kazakov, Z. I., Koroleva, A. P. and

Popov, V. A.

TITLE:

Foam plastics based on silico-organic resins and their

combination with organic polymers

SOURCE:

Khimiya i prakticheskoye primeneniye kremneorganicheskikh soyedineniy; trudy konferentsii, no. 6: Doklady, diskussii, resheniye. II Vses. konfer. po khimii i prakt. prim. kremneorg. soyed., Len. 1958. Leningrad, Izd-vo AN SSSR,

1961, 304-306

TEXT: Two types of silico-organic resins were investigated: Resins for layer foams and resins from acetoxysilanes. The coefficient of contraction, mechanical durability and dielectric properties were considered. Some of the uses of the layer foams were mentioned. Aluminum powder as a filler was assessed (thermostability being obtained up to  $400^{\circ}$ C). In the discussion the minimum weight by volume and the water capacity for the silico-layer foams were given.

Card 1/1

KAZAKOV, Z.M.

Practices in aerial spraying of forests with chemicals. Zashch. rast, ot vred. i bol. 4 no.2:29-30 Mr-Ap 159. (MIRA 16:5)

(Moscow Province—Gypsy moth—Extermination) (Moscow Province—Aeronautics in forestry)

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

KAZAKOVA, A. A.

"Bacteriosis of Wheat," Trudy Vsesoiuznogo Nauchno-Issledovtel'skogo Instituta Zerna i Produktov Ego Pererabotki, no. 13, 1934, pp. 38-40. 5919 M85 IZRAHLSKIY V. P. and KAZAKOVA, A

SO: SIRA: SI-19-53, 15 Dec. 1953

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

EAZAKOVA, A. A.

()nions

Local onions from vegetative propagation. Sad i og., No. 7, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, 1953, Unclassified.

- 1. PREZHNEV, D. D.; KAZAKOVA, A. A.
- 2. USSR 600
- l. Onions
- 7. Green onions throughout the year, Dost. sel'khoz, No. 12, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

ALEKBANDROV, Sergey Vasil'yevich, kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk;

BELYAYEV, Anton Semenovich; VASIL'YEV, Vasiliy Luk'yanovich, kandidat
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KAZAKOVA, Antonina Alekseyevna, kandidat
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KAMERAZ, Abram Yakovlevich, kandidat
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SECHKAREV, Boris Ivanovich, kandidat
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BERZHNEV, D.D., professor, doktor
sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk, redaktor; PETROV, N.P., redaktor;
CHUMAYEVA, Z.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Vegetable gardening]Ovoshchevodstvo. Pod red. D.D.Brezhneva. Moskva. Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry, 1956. 472 p. (MLRA 9:12) (Vegetable gardening)

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Potatoes. Vegetables. Melons. M-3

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 6, 1958, 25055

Author : Kazakova, A.A.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Effect of Temperature on the Growth and Develop-

ment of the Onion

Orig Pub: Tr. po prikl. botan., genet. i selektsii, 1957, 31,

No 2, 117-121

Abstract: Tests made in Leningradskaya Oblast with various onion

varieties (Bessonovskiy, Tsitausskiy, Kaba and Vologodskiy) have demonstrated that storing the seedlings and select onions at reduced temperatures (5-8°) produces a slowing up of growth in the vegetative organs and an acceleration in generative development. The storage of onions at lowered temperatures lead to the large-scale shoot formation in the plants

Card 1/2

66

LUKOVNIKOVA, G.A., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; KAZAKOVA, A.A., kand.biol.nauk

Effect of growing conditions on the chemical composition and economic features of certain onion species. Trudy po prikl. bot., gen, i sel. 32 no.3:116-132 '59. (MIRA 14:5) (Onions)

KAZAKOVA, A.A., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk

Methods of obtaining sterile forms of onion. Trudy po prikl, bot., gen. i sel. 32 no.3:304-305 '59. (MIRA 14:5) (Onions) (Sterility in plants)

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

KAZAKOVA, A.A., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; STAROKOZHEV, S.I.

How the time of planting affects the biological features of garlic. Trudy po prikl. bot., gen. i sel. 32 no.3:146-148 '59.

(MIRA 14:5)

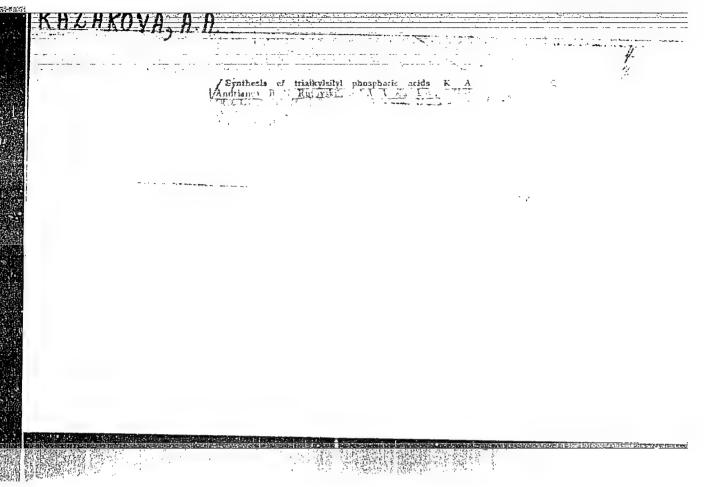
(Garlic)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

(Planting time)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6



### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6

5(3)

AUTHORE: Andrianov, K. A., Zhdanov, A. A., SOV/62-59-3-13/37

Kazakova, A. A.

TITLE:

Synthesis of New Polymers With Inorganic Chains of Molecules (Sintez novykh polimerov s neorganicheskimi tsepyami molekul)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk,

1959. Nr 3, pp 466-471 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the present paper some reactions of the formation of new polymers with mineral chains of molecules containing aluminum, titanium, phosphorus, and oxygen atoms were investigated. By means of double decomposition of sodium ethyl silanolate with titanium-tetrachloride as well as of sodium trimethyl silanolate with titanium tetrachloride and aluminum chloride dodecamethyl-titanoxy-tetrasiloxane, dodecaethyl-titanoxytetrasiloxane and nonamethyl alumoxy-trisiloxane were synthesized. In the investigation of the hydrolytic stability of nonaethyl-alumoxy-trisiloxane it was found that during hydrolysis a simultaneous formation of polyorganosilylalumoxanes -

polymers with the elementary group of the formula

Card 1/2

Synthesis of New Polymers With Inorganic Chains of SOV/62-59-3-13/37 Molecules

- Al - 0 - takes place. On the interaction of nonaethyl-  $OSi(C_2H_5)_3$ 

alumoxy-trisiloxane with tris-triethyl-silylphosphate polyorganosilylphosphoralumoxanes with the elementary group of the formula

OSi(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) - Al - O - P - O -OSi(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)

are formed. Similar polymers are also formed in the reaction of nonaethyl-alumoxy-trisiloxane with triethyl-silylphosphoric acid. There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Elemental Organic Compounds of the Academy of

Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED:

June 25, 1957

Card 2/2

5 (3)

Andrianov, K. A., Zhdanov, A. A.

SOV/79-27-4-53/77

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Synthesis of the Polymers With Inorganic Molecule Chains (Sintez polimerov s neorganicheskimi tsepyami molekul). Kazakova, A. A. I.Polyorganosiloxyphosphoaluminumoxans (I.Poliorganosiloksifos-

foralyumoksany)

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 4, pp 1281 - 1284

PERIODICAL:

ABSTRACT:

In continuation of the preceding report (Ref 1) the investigations under review show that the polyalkylsiloxyaluminum phosphates are obtained by the polycondensation of the tris-(trial-(USSR) kylsiloxy)-aluminum with organo-phosphosilicon compounds according to schemes 1) and 2). The nature of the resulting polymers depends on the nature of the organic radical in the surrounding trialkylsiloxane groups. By the condensation of tris--(triethylsiloxy)-aluminum with triethylsiloxyphosphinic acid or tris-(triothylsilyl)-phosphate at 200-2200 polymers were of tained which changed to an unsoluble, not meltable, and solid state above the afore-mentioned temperature. Under the same conditions solid, not meltable, and unsoluble products were

Card 1/3

---cole products which were, at the same time, ir--audie in organic solutions resulted from the condensation of tris-(trimethylsiloxy)-aluminum with trimethylsiloxyphosphinic

CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

Synthesis of the Polymers With Inorganic Molecule Chains. I.Polyorganosiloxyphosphoaluminumoxans

SOV/79-29-4-53/77

orl or Bancon Tony International Control of the Con

acid or with tris-(trimethylsilyl)-phosphate. There are 2 figures and 5 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

March 15, 1958

Card 3/3

# 88485

S/079/61/031/001/019/025 B001/B066

15.8114 2209

AUTEORS:

Andrianov, K. A., Khananashvili, L. M., Kazakova, A. A.,

and Ivanov, A. A.

TITLE: Synthesis of Poly(phenoxy-methyl-phosphinoxy) Aluminum Oxanes

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1961, Vol. 31, No. 1, pp. 228 - 231

TEXT: Following their papers of Refs. 1 and 2, and in view of Ref. 3, the authors now studied the syntheses of some organophosphorus-aluminum compounds and tried to convert them to polymers with a principal chain of aluminum oxanes. The synthesis of these organophosphorus-aluminum compounds was made by esterification of the acid chloride of methyl phosphinic acid with phenol, combined with a reaction of the resultant methylphenoxy phosphinic acid chloride with aluminum-n-butylate, according to

Card 1/3

# 88485

Synthesis of Poly(phenoxy-methyl-phosphinoxy) S/079/61/031/001/019/025 Aluminum Oxanes B001/B066

Compound (I), hitherto not yet described, was separated in pure condition by distillation of the reaction products (26.2 %). The low yield is due to the formation of compound  $\text{CH}_5\text{PO}(\text{OC}_6\text{H}_5)_2$  and, presumably, of a mixture of

condensation products of the organophosphorus compounds present. The yield of butyl chloride was 58 %. The reaction carried out at 80 - 90°C yields phenoxymethyl-phosphinoxy-dibutoxy aluminum (II). Elevated temperatures give compounds insoluble in organic solvents. The viscosity of the product of the hydrolysis of compound (II) rapidly increases. This hydrolysis

probably gives:

C4H90-A1-0-A1-0
CH3P=0 CH3P=0

The increase in viscosity depends on the water quantity applied, it is most pronounced at the beginning reaction. The hydrolysis products separated from the solution are solid compounds soluble in butyl alcohol. A study of the thermomechanical properties of the hydrolysis products

reveals that an increase on the water quantity in the above hydrolysis does not affect the flow temperature of the polymer considerably, but somewhat decreases the interval between the temperatures of vitrification

Card 2/3

# AMDRIANOV, K.A.; KAZAKOVA, A.A. Synthesis of polymers with inorganic chains of molecules. Polyorganosiloxyphosphoralumoxanes. Plast. massy no.3:24-26 (MIRA 16:4)

(Silicon organic compounds)
(Phosphorus organic compounds)
(Aluminum organic compounds)
(Polymerisation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

ACCESSION NR: AP4037291

\$/0190/64/006/005/0940/0944

AUTHOR: Zhdanov, A. A.; Andrianov, K. A.; Kazakova, A. A.; Baksheyeva, T. S.

TITLE: Polymers with inorganic backbone. Synthesis of polyorgano-phosphorosluminoxenes

SOURCE: Vy\*sokomolekulyarny\*ye soyedineniya, v. 6, no. 5, 1964, 940-944

TOPIC TAGS: polymers, inorganic backbone containing polymer, phosphorus containing polymer, aluminum containing polymer, aluminoxane, polyorganophosphoroaluminoxane, aluminum containing polymethylphosphonate, aluminum ethylate, aluminum butylate, diethyl methylphosphonate, diphenyl methylphosphonate, polycondensation, methylphosphonyl chloride

ABSTRACT: The reaction of aluminum alcoholates with some derivatives of methylphosphonic acid, and the properties of the condensation products obtained have been studied. Aluminum ethylate or

Card 1/3

# ACCESSION NR: AP4037291

aluminum butylate was condensed with either methylphosphonyl chloride or diethyl, cibutyl, or diphenyl methylphosphonate. Solid polymers obtained in the process of the progressing condensation contained the group

and, if methylphosphonate chloride was used, the group

Cord 2/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4037291

in which P, O, and Al were consecutively bound; this was confirmed by the fact that phenetol, and not diphenyl or diethyl ether, was formed in the reaction between aluminum e hylate and diphenyl methylphosphonate. Polymer fusibility, glass transition temperature T<sub>8</sub>, and solubility in organic solvents decreased with the increase in the degree of condensation. Thus, for poly(ethoxyaluminomethylphosphonate) in the initial degree of condensation, T<sub>8</sub> was 90—100C, while in the progressed condensation stage, T<sub>8</sub> was 130—150C; it is to be noted that T<sub>8</sub> for poly(butoxyaluminomethylphosphonate) at a similar degree of condensation was 60—80C because of the steric hindrance of butoxy groups, which prevent closs packing of polymeric chains. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 7 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Institut elementoorganicheskikh soyedineniy AN SSSR (Institute of Organoslemental Compounds, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 02Ju163

DATE ACQ: 09Jun64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC

NO REF SOV: 006

OTHER: 001

Card 3/3

BREZHMEV, D.D., akademik; KAZAKOVA, A.A., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Variability in the characters of onions under the influence of growing conditions. Dokl. Akad. sel'khoz. nauk no.3:12-15 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut rasteniyevodstva.

PENTEGOVA, V.A.; ROZHKOV, A.M.; KAZAKOVA, A.A.

Tar acid esters in resins from Siberian cedar. Trudy Khim.-met. inst. Sib. otd. AN SSSR no. 13:41-45 '59. (MIRA 14:1) (Wood tar) (Oleoresins) (Cedar)

. . .

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

KAZAKOV, Ye. D.; LYUBUSHKIN, V. T.; KAZAKOVA, A. F.

Linear dimensions of corn kernels and their variability. Izv.vys., ucheb.zav.; pishch.tokh.no. 2:10-15 \*64. (MIRA 17:5)

 Łoskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy promyshlennosti, kafedra promyshlennoy pererabotki kukuruzy i kafedra biokhimii i zernovedeniya.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

ZHUKOV. N.M.; GRECHNEVA, L.V.; KAZAKOVA, A.G.

Result of mass two-stage therapy of ascariasis. Med. paras. i paras. bol. no.2:120-124 Ap-Je '54. (MLRA 7:8)

1. Is protivomalyariynoy stantsii, sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii i detskogo sanatoriya Vrachebno-sanitarnogo otdela Moselektrotyagstroya Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya SSSR, (ASCARIASIS, in infant and child, \*ther., two-stage wass ther.)

KAZAKOVA, A.N.; SHEVCHENKO, F.I., professor, saveduyushchiy.

Further investigations of the bactericidal properties of dry garlic; author's abstract. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun. no.8:17-18 Ag '53. (MLRA 6:11)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii Samarkandskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. akademika I.P.Pavlova. (Garlic--Therapeutic use)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

KAZAKOVA, A.H.; SHEVCHENKO, F.M., professor, saveduyushchiy.

Experimental study of the effectiveness of dry garlic in the treatment of suppurative wounds; author's abstract. Zhur.mikrobiol.spid.i immun. no.8: 18-19 Ag '53. (MLRA 6:11)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii Samarkandskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. akad. I.P. Pavlova. (Garlic-Therapeutic use) (Vounds)

KAZHKOVA, A. N.

USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary.

F-4

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26375

Author

: Shevchenko, F.I., Kazakova, A.N., El'tekova, N.I.

Inst

Samarkand Medical Institute

Title

The Appearance of Indications of Pathogenic Properties in Coliform Bacilli in Relation to the Composition of

the Nutrient Medium.

Orig Rub

: Sb. nauch. tr. Samarkandsk. med. in-t, 1956, 11, 91-97

Abst

: Cultures of coliform bacilli (CB) were sowed in cups containing blood (I), potato (II), carrot (III) and sugar (IV) agar and, for control purposes, the usual meat-peptone agar (MPA). The strains selected showed varying indications of being pathogenic (hemolysis, saccharose decomposition, negative trypaflavin reaction), while one lacked these indications. CB cultures with pathogenic features, upon segmentation and two regenerations over a period of 33 to 54 days,

Card 1/2

SHEVCHENKO, F.I., prof.; AKHTAMOV, M.A.; ISHCHENKO, G.N.; KAZAKOVA, A.N.; EL'TEKOVA, N.I.

Biological characteristics of pathogenic serological types of Escherichia coli. Med. zhur. Uzb. no.2:22-25 F '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii Samarkandskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.P.Pavlova. (ESCHERICHIA COLI)

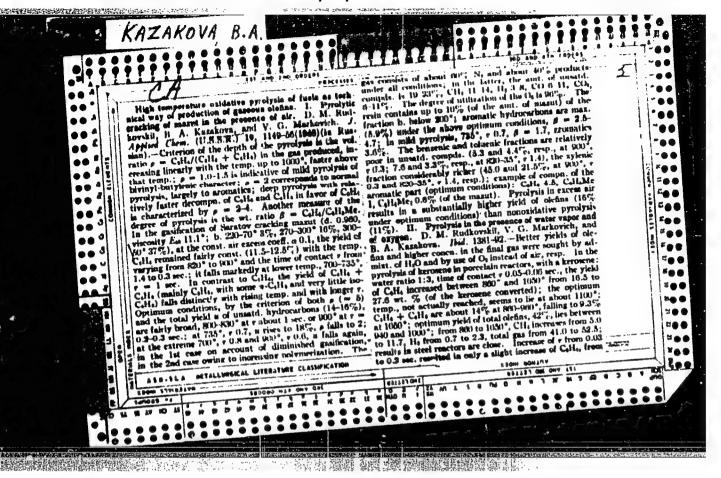
SHEWCHENKO, F.I., prof.; AKHTAMOV, M.A.; ISHCHENKO, G.N.; KAZAKOVA, A.N.; EL'TEKOA, N.I.

Some results of a study of Escherichia coli in connection with the etiology of diarrhea in small children. Pediatria 38. no.4: 17-23 Apr:60. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii (zav.-prof. F.I.Shevchenko) Samarkandskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni akademika Pavlova. (ESCHERICHIA COLI) (DIARRHEA)

KOTYAKHOV, F.I.; MRL'NIKOVA, Yu.S.; TREBIN, G.F.; KAZAKOVA, A.V.

Determining water saturation and oil recovery factors of sands on the basis of drill core analysis. Neft.khoz.34 no.6:28-34 Je 156. (Oil well logging) (Petroleum engineering) (MIRA 9:9)



A PORTUGAL A . 22 to 95% (at 1821-711), falling again to 9.1 at \$1.3 we 1 C.H. to C.H. togine to fall in panel \$1.05, this fall relatile early fall of the sum of total obtine. Variation of the herizeno water rather \$1.000 miles 1.0 (1.0, at 1900-70), \$1.000 miles 1.0 (1.000 miles 1.000 miles 1.00 .. .. oxidative all pyrolysis (1), eracking with  $H_i(0)$  (II) and with  $H_i(0) + O_i$  (III) does result to a certain increase of C<sub>i</sub>H<sub>i</sub> but II and III have a distinctly more marked effect on the yields in C<sub>i</sub>H<sub>i</sub>, C<sub>i</sub>H<sub>i</sub>, and particularly C<sub>i</sub>H<sub>i</sub> (bisinyl).  $A_{ij} \approx 2$  and 4, C<sub>i</sub>H<sub>i</sub>, in I, II, III, was  $\delta_{ij}$ ,  $H_{ij} \approx 3$ ,  $\delta_{ij}$ ,  $H_{ij} \approx 3$ ,  $\delta_{ij}$ ,  $H_{ij} \approx 3$ ,  $\delta_{ij}$ ,  $\delta_{i$ . . .. . . .. •• .. . .. .. .. .. .. .. .. --.. .. .. .

YEROPKIN, V.G.. Prinimali uchastiye: TUKEMBAYEV, A.: KAZAKOYA, G., laborant, LAYLIYEV, D.S., red.; ANOKHINA, M.G., tekhn.red.

[Mechanisation and electrification of collective farms in Kirghizistan] Mekhanizatsiia i elektrofikatsiia kolkhoznogo proisvodstva Kirgizii. Frunze, Akad.nauk Kirgizskoi SSR, Institut ekonomiki, 1959. 128 p. (MIRA 13:7) (Kirghizistan—Electrification) (Kirghizistan—Collective farms)

SHEFTEL', Ye.B., kand. tekhn. nauk; KAZAKOVA, G.L., inzh.

Experimental luminaires in classrooms. Svetotekhnika 5 no.8:13-18 Ag 159. (MIRA 13:2)

1.Vsesoyuznyy svetetekhnicheskiy institut. (Schools--Lighting)

KAZAKOVA, G.N.

USSR/Physics

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 11/45

Authors

: Murin, A. N.; Kazakova, G. N.; and Lur'e, B. G.

Title

: Experiments with diffusion of bromine in solid argentum-bromide for purposes of studying

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 99/4, 529-531, Dec 1, 1954

Abstract

: Experiments with bromine diffusion in solid argentum-bromide are described. Bromine diffusion of pure bromine as well as brominated samples were studied with the help of a radioactive indicator Br82. Two methods - the contact and the adsorption methods - were used. The first one was used in the cases of pure oromine samples, the second, in the cases of brominated samples. Diffusion coefficients obtained by both methods are considered quite satisfactory and can be expressed as follows:  $D_{\rm Br}=0.50e^{-24000}$  RT cm<sup>2</sup>/sc. Coefficients of electric conductivity of bromine and brominated samples were also determined. Ten references 7-USSR (1937-1954). Diagrams.

Leningrad State University im. A. A. Zhdanov - Reduces Inst. in Kloping

Fresented by: Academician P. T. Lukirskiy, June 9, 1954

KOSHKIN, V.G., kand. tekhn. nauk; GALAKTIONOV, A.A., kand. arkh.;

LARKINA, V.I., inzh.; YANTIKOVA, M.P., inzh.; KAZAKOVA, G.N.,

tekhn.; GUZMAN, M.A., red. izd-va; SHERTHEVA, N.V., tekhn. red.

[Synthetic floor coverings] Sinteticheskie materialy dlia pokrytiia polov. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1961. 155 p. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut novykh stroitel'nykh materialov. 2. Laboratoriya otdelochnykh plast-mass Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta novykh stroitel'nykh materialov Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Koshkir, Galaktionov, Larkina, Yantikova, Kazakova). (Floor coverings)

PUREESELY, D.H.; KLYDYEVA, V.H.; WATARATA, G.I.

Penalts of the paleomagnetic study of a cross section of volcanic formations in the central part of the central range of Kamehatka. Izv. AN SSSE. Ser. good. For ac. N. 1861.

1. Severo-Vostochnyy kompleksnyy nauchno-issiedovetcitski; institut Sibirskogo otdoleniya AU SOSR i Severo-Yostochnoyo geologicheskoye upravleniye, Magadan.

SHVACHKIN, Yu.P.: SHPRUNKA, I.K.; KAZAKOVA, G.V.

Synthesis of deuterated 2-thiouracils. Zhur. ob. khim. 34 no.11: 3846-3847 N '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomenosova.

## KAZAKOVA, G.Ye.

Afficient methods of preparing vegetable ingredients used in the production of vermouth. Inv. vys. ucheb. sav.; pishch. tekh. no.1: 109-112 58. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Noskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy promyshlennosti, Kafedra vinodeliya. (Vermouth) (Essences and essential oils)

### KAZAKOVA, G.Ye.

Role of amino acids in the making of vermouth. Izv.vys. ucheb.sav.; pishch.tekh. no.4:161-164 159. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Moskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy promyshlennosti. Kafedra vinodeliya.
(Wine s nd wine making) (Amino acids)

KAZAKOVA, G. Ye., Cand of Tech Sci — (diss) "Investigation of Dry Ingredients and the Technology of Absinth," Noscow, 1959, 20 pp (Moscow Technological Institute of the Food Industry) (KL, 5-60, 126)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

KAZAKOVA, I.I.; GORODNOV, V.D.; MOROZOVA, Ye.V.

Effect of chemical reagents on the amount of centrifugate in clay muds. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 7 no.10:24-27 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Most vskiv institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina.

CONTROL FOR FRIEND SOURCE SE PERSONALISM BEAUTISM CONTROL

KULEBAKIN, P.G.; KAZAKOVA, I.P., inzh.

Efficiency of using disc plow-harrows and cultivators. Zemlodelio (MIRA 15:4)

1. Sibirskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta mekhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyzystva. 2. Rukovoditel'laboratorii pochvoobrabotki Sibirskogo filiala Vsesoyuznogo nauchno issledovatel'skogo instituta mekhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyzystva (for Kulebakin).

(Soil moisture) (Tillage)

j josej - ~ ACCENCY IN A ARLE AFREY \$/0249/64/925-523/4-15-3-Simple: Berner, siclegiya. Svolnyry tem, Ass. o A The constraint, S. S.; Kazakova, I. S. TITLE: The significance of age changes and changes arthree influence of symestrol in rat testes in relation to aboretion in nonctransplantation y OITED SOURCE: Sb. 3 Vses. konferentsiya po peresadke thanger organov, 1063. Yerevan, 1963, 128-120 TOPIC TARS: rat, gonad, homotransplantation, transplantation, synestrol, testis TRANSLATION: Sexually mature castrated male rats received transplants in the scrotum of half a testis taken from rats was received a 0.1 ml dose of a 2% synestrol oil solution frame. daily for 6 mos. Control rats received testes nomotraniflants taken from 12 day old rats and sexually mature rats who had not received synestrol. The transplanted testes all died in a state of active Cord 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AR4045769

spermatogenesis after 25 days. Transplants from 12 day old rats underwent didifferentiation and depleted tubule structure from the 4th to 11th day. Sertoli cells, spermatogonii and interstation remained viable. Single tubules on the periphery were proportion.

SUB CODE: LS

ENCL: 00

Card 2/2

KORTKY, A.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; TANTSYREVA, Ye.N.; KAZAKOVA, K.S.

Problem of listerellosis. Elin. med. 35 no.1:102-104 Ja '57 (MLRA 10:4)

1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh bolezney (zav.-zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. V.P. Petrov) Kuybyshevskogo meditsinekogo instituta.

(MONONUCLEOSIS)

RABINOVICH, Yu.I.; KAZAKOVA, K.V.

Luminosity distribution in the cloudless sky, expressed in absolute units, for selective radiation receivers. Trudy GGO no.125:58-61 '62. (MIRA 15:6) (Atmospheric transparency) (Solar radiation)

# APPROVED: APPROV

英雄物理學學 经分价

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6214

Author : Gotsov, Kosta; Kazakova, Klera
Inst : Dobrudzha scient.-res. Institute
Title : Certain Problems in Wheat Sowing

Orig Pub : Byul. nauchno-proizv. inform. Dobrudzh. nauchno-izsled. in-t, No 2, 7-14

Abstract : No abstract given

Card 1/1

KAZAKOVA, L., student; PENNER, L., student; OSPANOVA, N., student

Dynamics of the blood pressure of pregnant women according to data from the Simipalatinsk Maternity Home during 1954 to 1955. Trudy Semipal. med. inst. 2:193-201 '59. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Kafe ra gospital noy terapii (zav.kafedroy - doktor med.nauk, prof. R.Ya.Spivak) i kafedra akusherstva i ginekologii (zav.kafedroy - kand.med.nauk A.A.Kozbagarov) Semipalatinskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(BLOOD PRESSURE) (PREGNANCY)

KAZAKOV, A., insh.; KAZAKOVA, L., insh.

Ship lifter on the Charleroi - Brussels Canal, Rech. transp. 22 no.3: 45-46 Mr \*63. (MIRA 16:4) (Charleroi-Brussels Canal-Locks (Hydraulic engineering))

PAVIOV. Ivan Vasil'yevich: KAZAKOVA, L.A., redsktor; MAKAROVA, A.N., tekhnicheskiy redsktor

[Innovations in collective farm democracy] Novoe v kolkhoznoi demokratii. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo iurid. lit-ry, 1956. 38 p. (MIRA 9:10) (Gollective farms)

KAZAKOVA LA

SMIRNOV, Attik Vladimirovich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., redaktor; SHCHEDRINA, H.L., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Procedure in allotting plots to industrial and nonindustrial workers in rural localities] Poriadok otvoda semel'nykh uchastkov rabochim i slushashchim v sel'skoi mestnosti. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo iurid.lit-ry, 1957. 53 p.

(Allotment of land)

POKROVSKIY, Ivan Fedorovich; PYATHITSKIY, P.P., kand.yuridicheskikh nauk, otvetstvennyy red.; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; ASTAKHOVA, I.V., tekhn.red.

Luckenson & A.

[The machine-tractor station is the mainstay of State control of collective farms] MTS - opernyi punkt gosudarstvennogo rukovodstva kolkhozami. Otv.red. P.P.Piatnitskii. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo iurid. lit-ry, 1957. 97 p. (MIRA 11:2)

(Machine-tractor stations)

MAZARCON, L. A.

GRIGOR'YEV, Sergey Timofeyevich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; KOSAREVA, Ye.M., tekhn.red.

[Rights and obligations of inspection committees on collective farms]
Prava i oblazannosti revisionnykh komissii kolkhosov. Moskva, Gos.
isd-vo iurid.lit-ry, 1957. 77 p. (MIRA 10:12)
(Collective farms)

ZHDANOV, Andrey Andreyevich; LEVSHIN, Lev Vesil'yevich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; BYKOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Protection of forest and water resources in the U.S.S.R.]
Okhrana leenykh i vodnykh bogatstv v SSSR. Moskva, Gos.izd-voiurid.lit-ry, 1958. 49 p. (MIRA 12:2)
(Forests and forestry) (Hunting) (Fisheries)

LOZO, Ivan Afanas yevich, KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; ASTAKHOVA, I.V., tekhn.red.

[Obligatory minimum number of work days on collective farms]
Obiazatel'nyi minimum trudodnei v kolkhozakh. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo
iurid. lit-ry, 1958. 25 p.
(Collective farms)

KIM, Viktor Innokent yevich; ZAFRAN, Meylokh Iosifovich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; ASTAKHOVA, I.V., tekhn. red.

[Amending the statutes of collective farms; practices of collective farms in Kasakhstan] Praktika ismeneniia ustavov kolkhosov; is opyta raboty kolkhosov Kasakhskoi SSR, Moskva, Gos. izd-vo iurid. lit-ry, 1958. 54 p. (MIRA 11:9)

PANKRATOV. Ivan Ferisanovich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; ASTAKHOVA, I.V., tekhn.

[Rights and obligations of agriculturists, zootechnicians, and veterinarians on collective farms] Prava i obiasannosti agronoma, zootekhnika i veterinarnogo vracha kolkhoza. Moskva, Gos. izd-voiurid. lit-ry, 1958. 38 p.

(Collective farms)

KHODUNOV, Mikhail Yevgrafovich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; TIMOFEYEVA, N.V., tekhn.red.

[Legal problems of through freight transportation] Pravovye voprosy perevozok priamogo soobshcheniis. Moskva, Gos.izd-voiurid.lit-ry, 1960. 65 p. (MIRA 13:6) (Transportation-Law and regulations) (Freight and freightage)

YAZEV, Vasiliy Afrikanovich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; TARASOVA, N.M., tekhn.red.

[Sale of goods to the population on credit] Prodasha tovarov naseleniiu v kredit. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo iurid.lit-ry, 1960.
43 p. (MIRA 13:7)
(Consumer credit)

RUBIN, Arkediy Moneyevich; KAZAKOVA, L.A., red.; HAKAROVA, A.N., tekhn.red.

[Legal regulation of centralized automotive cargo transportation]
Pravovoe regulirovanie taentralizovannykh perevozok gruzov
avtomobil'nym Gransportom. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo iurid.lit-ry,
1960. 172 p. (MIRA 14:4)
(Transportation, Automotive--Freight)
(Delivery of goods (Law))

5/140/63/000/001/002/006 E031/E413

AUTHOR:

Kazakova, L.E.

TITLE:

Existence and uniqueness theorems for the inverse problem of the Newton potential for star-shaped sets

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Matematika.

no.1, 1963, 85-93

In the half-space z < 0 a singly connected region D is considered to be filled with material of unit density. The inverse problem of the title is to determine D from the values of the external potential V(x,y,z) of the region in the plane z=0. In this paper the sets are measurable, bounded and three-dimensional. The uniqueness theorem is based on a weakened form of Novikov's lemma: if in the domain D masses  $\mu$  are distributed so that the external potential is zero, then the masses are orthogonal to any harmonic function inside D. It is shown that this lemma is equivalent to the statement that it is possible to approximate in the mean to any harmonic function by harmonic polynomials to any degree of accuracy. In the uniqueness problem it is assumed that the external potential is given everywhere Card 1/3

Existence and uniqueness ...

S/140/63/000/001/00°/006 E031/E413

outside the body. The following uniqueness theorem is proved following P.S.Novikov (DAN SSSR, v.18, no.3, 1938, 165-168): if two bounded, measurable sets A1 and A2, which are starshaped with respect to the origin, have for unit density like external potentials, then the functions  $f_1(\theta,\phi)$  and  $f_2(\theta,\phi)$  which define the sets coincide for almost all values of  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ . The following stability theorem is proved: the class M of starshaped sets in a bounded region Q of the half-space Z  $\langle$  O which satisfies the condition that for any  $\epsilon$   $\rangle$  O there exists an angle  $\gamma$  such that for a rotation about any axis through an angle less than  $\gamma$ 

$$\int\limits_{0}^{2\pi}\int\limits_{0}^{\pi}\left|f(\theta,\phi)-f\left(\theta,\phi\right)\right|^{p}\,d\omega\,\left\langle\epsilon\right|$$

uniformly for all defining functions  $f(e,\phi)$ , is a stability class with respect to the metric  $L_p(p\geqslant 1)$  in the space R of defining functions.

Card 2/3

\$/140/63/000/001/002/006 E031/E413

Existence and uniqueness ...

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im.
A.M.Gor'kogo (Ural State University imeni A.M.Gor'kiy)

SUBMITTED: January 19, 1960 .

Card 3/3

KAZAKOVA, L.E.

Numerical method for analytic continuation. Mat.zap. Ural. mat. ob-va UrQu 4 no.2146-50 \*63 (MIRA 17:8)

IVANOV, V.K.; KAZAKOVA, L.E.

Application of analytic functions to the inverse problem of the potential. Sib.mat.zhur.4 no.6:1311-1317 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:9)

L 15307-65 EUT(d)/FSF(h)/EPF(n)-2 IJP(c)/AFWL S/0140/64/000/005/0023/0029 ACCESSION NR: AP4047309

AUTHOR: Kazakova, L. E. (Sverdlovsk)

TITLE: On the approximate solution of the inverse problem of the potential of a simple layer

SOURCE: IVUZ. Matematika, no. 5, 1964, 23-29

TOPIC TAGS: inverse potential problem, simple layer potential, Tikhonov stability, pertubation body centroid

ABSTRACT: The problem of determining the nonnegative, continuous density µ of a simple layer distributed on a given Lyapunov-smooth, closed surface S from the values of the potential W defined on a certain infinite closed set E located outside the S is studied. For the sake of simplicity, it is assumed that the set E on which the values of W are given is a circle Ω located in the plane L = h and the surface S is located in the half-space L < h. It is pointed out that this inverse problem of potential theory is unstable in a classical sense, but under certain conditions it can be made stable in the sense of A. N. Tikhonov, Norcover, convergent calculation processes can be applied to

Cord 1/2

L 15307-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4047309

its approximate solution. The problem of determining the distribution of masses H of a simple layer with unknown nonnegative, continuous density B is approximated by the problem of determining the distribution of mass points  $\mu_1$ ,  $\mu_2$ ,... $\mu_n$  on the surface S. It is shown that the numerical solution of this problem can be reduced to determining masses  $u_1, u_2, \dots u_n$  minimizing a certain function  $\phi(u_1, u_2, \dots u_n)$  under certain conditions. This problem is solved by the gradient method of convex quadratic programming. The method presented here is applied to the solution of the following problem in geophysics: to determine the mass and the centroid of the perturbing body when the potential, or its derivatives, of the perturbing body are measu-ed on the finite domain of the earth's surface. Orig. art. has: 9 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBHITTED: 14Mar63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MA, ES.

NO REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 004

ATD PRESS: 3139

Card 2/2

IVAHOV, V.K., prof.; KAZAKOVA, L.H.

Approximation in the mean of a harmonic function of three variables by harmonic polynomials. Mat.sap.Ural.mat.ob-va. UrGu 3 no.2:24-29 '62. (MIRA 19:1)

ARTHORS: 3

Ficshin, ". Ya., Kazakova, L. I.

SOV/79-28-8-1,'66

TITLE:

Synthesis of Lead Tetraacetate, Pb(CH<sub>2</sub>COO)<sub>A</sub>, by Electrochemical Oxidation of Lead Acetate at the Anodé (Sintez tetraatsetata svintsa elektrokhimicheskim okisleniyem diatsetata svintsa

na anode)

PRRIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1958, Vol. 29, Nr 8, pp. 2005-2007

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The chemical synthesis of lead tetrancetate, which is a strong oxidizing reagent (Ref 1), is carried out by reacting red lead with glacial scatic acid (Ref 2). In this reaction only one third of the lead is used up. Two thirds of the lead is reacted when colorine is added to the reaction mixture, but the removal of the remaining lead chloride is difficult. After purification and separation processes the final result in this case is a 40-50 % yield. Of the many attempts to carry out the synthesis electrochemically only the work of Schall and Telzer (Ref 4) (Shall', Mel'tser) can be cited as successful. In this method lead diacetate is oxidized at the platinum anode in glacial acetic acid (1-2 % water) which contains sodium acetate, and a yield of 30 % lead tetrascetate results.

Card 1/3

Synthesis of Lead Tetrancetate, Pb(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)<sub>4</sub>, by Electrochemical Oxidation of Lead Acetate at the Anode

This yield decreases to 26 ' after 30 minutes, however, and then gradually decreases to practically nothing. It had previously been shown that the cause of this decomposition was the formation of a film of lead tetrascetate on the scale. thus hindering the reaction. Schall and Gleer erolied high temperatures where the tetra cetate mould be decomposed by the water (1-2 3) present in the acetic soid. In previous work by the cuthors ("ef 5) an electrolysis was corried out in dehydrated glacial acetic acid containing potassium acetate at 85° in order to dissolve the tetraccetate film. This work indicated the possibilities of converting lead discetate into lead tetraccetate by electro-oxidation. In the present a per is given for the first time a method for synthesizing load tetrascetate by electrochemical oxidation of the lead discetate at the platinum shode as well as at the lead peroxide anode. The lethils of this synthetic process are given in the experimental section. there are 1 ff pure and 6 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

Cynthesic of Lead Tetrancetate, Fb(CH<sub>2</sub>COC), by Cleatrochemical 1 1 200 of Lord Acetate at the Anode-1 1 200 of Lord Acetate at the Anode-1 1 200 of Lord Acetate at the Anode-1 1 200 of Lord Chemical Cechnology Institute Imeni D. I. (Fosco: Chemical Cechnology Institute Imeni D. 1 200 of Lord (UBMITTAD): Joly 0, 1907

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空》 的复数格式整理的使整式程序

ara 5/5

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33441 S/064/62/000/001/004/008 でB110/B138

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Fioshin, M. Ya., Lebedev, I. M., Kazakova, L. I., Gankin, S. Z., Khol'mer, O. M., Gurevich, G. I., Neyman, Ye. Ya.

Electrosynthesis of ω-oxypentadecanoic acid

PERIODICAL: Khimicheskaya promyshlennost, no. 1, 1962, 41 - 43

TEXT: ω-oxypentadecanoic acid (I) is produced by "mutual" anodic condensation of ω-acetoxyundecanoic acid (II) and adipic acid monoethyl ester (III), during the electrolysis of an aqueous solution of a mixture of their salts: CH\_COO(CH\_)\_COO\_ + TOOC(CH\_)\_COO\_ H

their salts:  $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}(\text{CH}_2)_{10}\text{COO}^- + \text{OOC}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5$   $\rightarrow$   $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}(\text{CH}_2)_{14}\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5 + 2\text{CO}_2$  and then saponification of ethyl ester. The authors wished to obtain better yields by substituting the aqueous by an alcoholic medium, and the Pt anode by  $\text{PbO}_2$ , magnetite, and graphite anodes. A cylindrical glass electrolyser with cylindrical, Pt anode, perforated Ni cathode and graphite rod anode concentrically arranged, was

Card 1/3

33441 \$/064/62/000/001/004/008 B110/B138

Electrosynthesis of ...

filled with an alcoholic solution of II, III, potash, and soda. Current intensity, voltage, and temperature were measured, and the electrolysis was concluded when 0.7 - 1.0 ml of 0.1 N KOH solution (phenol phthalein) was used per ml of electrolyte. After distilling  ${\rm C_2H_5OH}$  at 20 mm Hg, the following quantities were fractionated at 2 - 5 mm Hg: (a) 30% at 160°C; (b) 25% at 183°C; and (c) 30% at 183 - 200°C. The (c) substance was the ester of I. ~10% ester was separated from (a) and (b). It was saponified for 2 hrs with a 50% KOH solution in the presence of ethanol, then acidified with HCl, and I was extracted with toluene. With 125 ml  $\mathtt{C_2H_5OH},$ 21 g II, 45 g III, and 5 g  $K_2CO_2$ , the I yield was 45 - 48% at 10 a/dm2. As 3.42 times the theoretical amount of current is required with an aqueous solution, the yield, 27% must be appropriately divided:  $27/3.42 \approx 8\%$ . As Pt consumption is 150 g ton the possibility of using PbO<sub>2</sub>, magnetite, or graphite was studied. The dependence of yield on electrolysis conditions was studied with nonporous graphite in ethyl and propyl alcohol with 112 g of II, 238 g of III, and 24 g of K2COz at  $60 - 65^{\circ}$ C. Yield of I, 48 - 50%, was not dependent on the current Card 2/3

ALEKSANDROV, I.A.; SHEYNMAN, V.I.; KOGAN, Yu.S.; SHVETS, Ye.M.;
Prinimali uchastiye: VC1\*SHANCK, Yu.Z.; LIZUNKOV, V.P.;
SEREGINA, A.P.; KAZAKOVA, L.I.; MUSATOVA, Z.D.

Hydrodynamics of plates made of S-shaped elements. Khim. i tekh.topl.i masel 6 no.7:38-44 Jl '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Giproneftemash.

(Plate towers)

KAMNEVA, A. I.; FIOSHIN, M. Ya.; KAZAKOVA, L. I.; ITENBERG, Sh. M.

Electrochemical synthesis of dicarboxylic acids. Neftekhimia 2 no.4:550-556 J1-Ag 162. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Moskovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni D. I. Mendeleyeva.

(Acids, Organic) (Electrochemistry)

FIOSHIN, M.Ya.; KAZAKOVA, L.I.

Flow sheet of the anodic condensation of monomethyl adipate. Dokl. AN SSSR 152 no.5:1132-1135 0 '63. (MIRA 16:12)

l. Moskovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut im. D.I. Mendeleyeva.

PIOSHIN, M.Ya.; KAMNEVA, A.I.; ITENBERG, Sh.M.; KAZAKOVA, L.I.; YERSHOV, Yu.A.

Synthesis of dimethyl ester of sebacic acid by the method of anodic condensation. Khim. prom. no.4:263-266 Ap 163. (MTRA 16:8)

FIOSHIN, M.Ya.; TOMILOV, A.P.; AVRUTSKAYA, I.A.; KAZAKOVA, L.I.; YESKIN, N.T.; GROMOVA, G.A.

Means of synthesizing diels. Zhur. VKHO 8 no.5:600 '63. (MTRA 17:1)

1. Moskovskiy khimiko-tekanologicheskiy institut imeni
D.I. Mendeleyeva.

FIOSHIN, M.Ya.; KAZAKOVA, L.I.

Use of insoluble anodes in the electrosynthesis of organic compounds. Khim. prom. no.10:760-762 0 163. (MIRA 17:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000721310010-6"

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L 34848-65 EPA(8)-2/EWT(m)/EPF ACCESSION NR: AP5008546  PS-4  AUTHOR: Alcksovenko V. I; Pok  TITLE: A method for producing i  SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy	Myt-10 MM/RN  Grovskiy, N. I.; Hishuatin  Abraryan, I. A.; Rekat.  181. 181. 181. 181. 181. 181. 181. 18	Y. B.; Bornshteyn, L.H.; Y. B.; Bornshteyn, L.H.; a, v.h. 8 39, No. 169246
TODE TO be plastic insulator,  This Author's Centif  to the lead on polyginylable  to the feet of polyginylable  of polygine image of polyginylables  of polygine image of polyginylables	polar polymer, neepolie p	olymer  for producing insulating  PThe electrical insula- broved by using a mixture
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KAZAKOVA, L.I.; ALEKSETENKO, V.I., doktor tekhnonauk; MISHUSTIN, I.U., kand.

Processing of polymers into film materials. Zhur. VKHO 10 no.2:160-164, 165. (MIRA 18:5)

L 21749-65 EWT(1)/FFC SSD(c) GW

ACCESSION NR: AP5001051

5/0049/64/000/011/1720/1728

AUTHOR: Smirnov, I.P., Kazakova, L.L.

TITLE: The meridional profile of zonal circulation of the atmosphere

E

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya geofizicheskaya, no. 11, 1964, 1720-1728

TOPIC TAGS: atmospheric circulation, atmospheric zonal velocity, atmospheric angular velocity

ABSTRACT: The authors present a method for computing the latitudinal distribution of angular velocities of air relative to the earth and the mean zonal velocities of the atmosphere in the northern hemisphere; they also present numerical values of the angular and mean zonal velocities. The paper presents examples of the meridional distribution of air velocities, primarily for December 1963. The computations for the northern hemisphere were made using data on the isobaric surfaces 700, 500 and 300 mb. As a commarison the angular velocities and zonal velocities for the 500-mb surface for the surfaces, sphere for the period 19-23 December are also presented. The character for distribution of zonal velocities for a single observation period is generally the same afficient three surfaces, but in details these distributions are different. For example, at different surfaces, the configurations of the regions of negative values in the high latitudes during Cord 1/3

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the period April 9-20 were somewhat different. The zone of easterly winds in the equatorial regions also differs at different levels. The values of zonal velocities at different levels are different. There is a detailed discussion of two specific types of zonal velocity profiles observed. All data on mean zonal velocities in the northern hemisphere can be broken down into three groups corresponding to the polar, temperate and tropical latitudes. m form, the most stable profile is that for the mean 20.... velocities of the temperate zone, although it changes with time with respect to both position and magnitude. With rare exceptions, the tropical zone is characterized by casterly winds of the southern periphery of subtropical anticyclones. The position of the zone of tropical easterly winds varies with the season, but from day to day the changes in the width of this zone are relatively small. The changes in the mean zonal velocities in the polar zone are sharper and disorderly; not only are there sharp variations of absolute values, but also frequent changes in sign of the mean zonal velocities. Comparisons of data for the northern and southern hemispheros were difficult due to the restricted amount of information available for the latter. The characteristics cited for the southern hemisphere can be representative of zonal circulation there due to the great homogeneity of the underlying surface. This was checked by dividing the charts of the two nem., spacees

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ACCESSION NR: AP5001051

in half along the central meridian and computing angular and zonal velocities for each half along the central meridian and computing angular and zonal velocities for each half separately. It was found that in the northern hemisphere the indices of circulation differ for the two halves by large values whereas in the southern hemisphere these differences are appreciably less. Orig. art. has: 15 formulas. 2 figures and 4 tables

ASSOCIATION: Mirovoy meteorologicheskiy tsentr (World Meteorological Center); Giavnoye upravientye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby\* (Main Administration of the Hydrometeorological Service)

SUBMITTED: 01Jul64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: ES

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 001

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